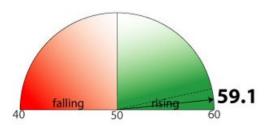


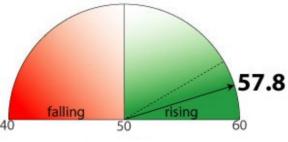
Monthly Economy Dashboard December 2009

Business Indicators 50=no change



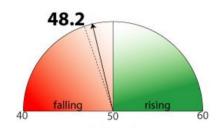
New Orders

RDA PMI, December 2009, Nov → Dec change



Business Activity

RDA PMI, December 2009, Nov → Dec change



Employment

RDA PMI, December 2009, Nov → Dec change

Finance & Investment

(<0 = decrease; >0 = increase)



6.1

Net score

Cost of finance

FSB Survey, November 2009



Labour Market



1,300

Redundancy notifications

BIS/JC+, November 2009



42,963

Vacancies

ONS, November 2009

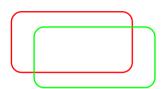


Other Indicators





RICS, November 2009



Shows 'overall' conditions:

Red - conditions are currently difficult

Green - conditions have improved

Thresholds for change to green (red)

Cost of finance, planned investment, house prices:

Net score positive (negative) for three months in a row

Redundancy notifications, vacancies, unemployment:

Conditions have been improving (deterioreting) for three

Conditions have been improving (deteriorating) for three months in a row. *Output below capacity:*

Percentage of firms falls below (rises above) 50%



Red – Worse score or absolute number than in the previous survey

Amber - Similar score / number

Green – Better score or absolute number than in the previous survey

Purchasing Managers' Index (PMI) scores:

Less than 50 – falling activity compared to previous month 50 – no change on previous month

More than 50 – rising activity compared to previous month

Used for: Business Activity, New orders, Employment intentions

Net scores: determined by subtracting the percentage of companies reporting decreases in a factor from the percentage of companies reporting increases.

Less than 0 – more firms reporting decreases than increases 0 – similar numbers of firms reporting decreases and increases More than 0 – more firms reporting increases than decreases

Used for: Cost of finance, Planned investment, house prices

NB - negative score can be good e.g. decrease in cost of finance

Example 1:



- The red outline indicates that conditions are currently difficult investment intentions are low.
- The red traffic light indicates that the net score is worse (lower) than the previous period, i.e. in the last survey investment intentions were higher.
- The net score (-2) shows the scale of the deterioration of conditions here this is relatively close to zero, showing that the proportion of firms planning decreases in investment is higher than (though broadly similar to) the proportion planning increases.

Example 2:



RBS PMI, May 2009, April → May change

- With the PMI, a score of 50 signifies no change in activity on the previous month. Here, a score of 49.3 for May indicates that firms are reporting fewer new orders than in April.
- The dotted line indicates the PMI score for the previous month. Here this is lower than 49.3, indicating that the fall in new orders between March and April was larger than the fall in orders between April and May.
- The size of the gap indicates the magnitude of the change between last month and this month.
- This chart therefore indicates a "slower decline" in May.

Sources:

RDA NBS – RDAs' National Business Survey

FSB - Federation of Small Businesses

RICS - Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors

ONS - Office for National Statistics

BIS - Department for Business, Innovation & Skills

JC+ - Jobcentre Plus

RBS PMI – Royal Bank of Scotland Purchasing Managers' Index

Unemployment and house price figures are seasonally adjusted, vacancy and redundancy figures are not. Cost of finance relates to *existing* finance (e.g. loans, overdrafts, etc.)